COLLABORATING TO ADDRESS THE HEALTH AND LEGAL NEEDS OF PATIENTS EXPERIENCING INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE AND EXPLOITATION

April 21, 2022

National Center for Medical 🚺 Legal Partnership

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This activity is funded by HRSA.



Health Partners on IPV + Exploitation is led by Futures Without Violence (FUTURES) and funded by HRSA BPHC to work with community health centers to support those at risk of experiencing or surviving intimate partner violence, human trafficking, or exploitation and to bolster prevention efforts.

We offer health center staff ongoing educational programs including:

- ✓ Learning Collaboratives on key topics for small cohorts
- ✓ Webinars + archives
- ✓ Clinical and patient tools, an online toolkit, evaluation + Health IT tools

Learn more: www.healthpartnersipve.org



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The National Center for Medical-Legal Partnership (NCMLP) at the George Washington University helps to build an integrated health care system that better addresses health-harming social needs by leveraging legal services and expertise to advance individual and population health.

Goals:

NCMLP provides specialized training and technical assistance (T/TA) designed to meet each of the objectives under the NTTAP type "Medical-Legal Partnerships" (interchangeably referred to as MLPs). These include:

(1) increase the number of health centers that address health-related legal needs of patients to improve population and community health;

(2) increase the number of patients that are screened for health-related legal needs that may affect health outcomes; and

(3) increase the number of health centers that implement medical-legal partnerships to address social determinants of health (SDOH).

HRSA's 2019-2022 Strategic Plan specifically includes mitigation of SDOH needs and barriers as a mechanism for improving health

Virtual Webinar Training Note

Because domestic and sexual violence and human trafficking are so prevalent, assume that there are survivors among us.

- Be aware of your reactions and take care of yourself first. It's ok to step away from Zoom if you need to.
- Respect patient or client confidentiality.

Learning Objectives

As a result of this webinar, participants will be better able to:

- 1. Identify strategies to build partnerships between civil legal services providers and community health centers to address the health and legal needs of survivors of IPV and exploitation.
- 2. Describe strategies for sustaining and growing collaborative health justice responses to preventing and addressing IPV.
- 3. Describe 3 tools that can help community health centers and civil legal services formalize partnerships and develop protocols for responding to domestic violence and building prevention strategies.



Moderators



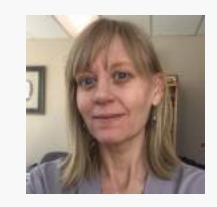
Bethany Hamilton, JD (she/her/hers) Co-Director National Center for Medical-Legal Partnership Department of Health Policy and Management Milken Institute School of Public Health The George Washington University **Elena Josway** (she/her/hers) Program Director Futures Without Violence

Panelists



Kimberly S.G. Chang, MD, MPH

(she/her) Family Physician and Director of Healthcare and Human Trafficking Policy at Asian Health Services and Faculty with Health Partners on IPV + Exploitation, Futures Without Violence



Nikole Nelson (she/her) Executive Director at Alaska Legal Services Corp.



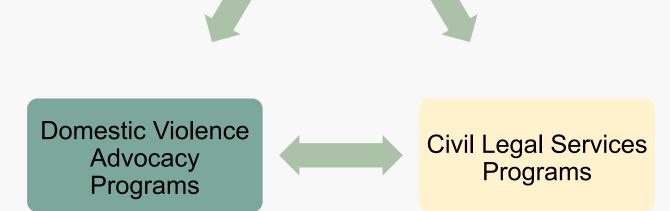
Pat Medige (she/her) Senior Attorney at Colorado Legal Services



Jessica Brock (she/her) Director of the LAVA Project at Indiana Legal Services

The Heart of the Model: Building Meaningful Partnerships





About Domestic/Sexual Violence Advocacy Programs

Domestic violence and sexual assault programs have vast experiences working with survivors of violence and assist them to identify ways to increase personal safety while assessing the risks.

Advocates connect patients to additional services like:

- Crisis safety planning
- Housing (emergency and transitional)
- Legal advocacy for IPV/HT, family court, immigration, labor
- ✓ Support groups/counseling
- Children's services
- Employment support

https://nnedv.org/content/state-u-s-territory-coalitions/

Overview of Community Health Centers (CHC)

Community health centers are community-based and patient-directed organizations that deliver no-cost/ low-cost comprehensive primary health care.

They often include:

- pharmacy
- mental health services
- substance abuse programs
- oral health services

Located in medically underserved areas and for medically underserved populations.

https://findahealthcenter.hrsa.gov/



Photo: CHC Staff at Asian Health Services in Oakland, CA in 2021

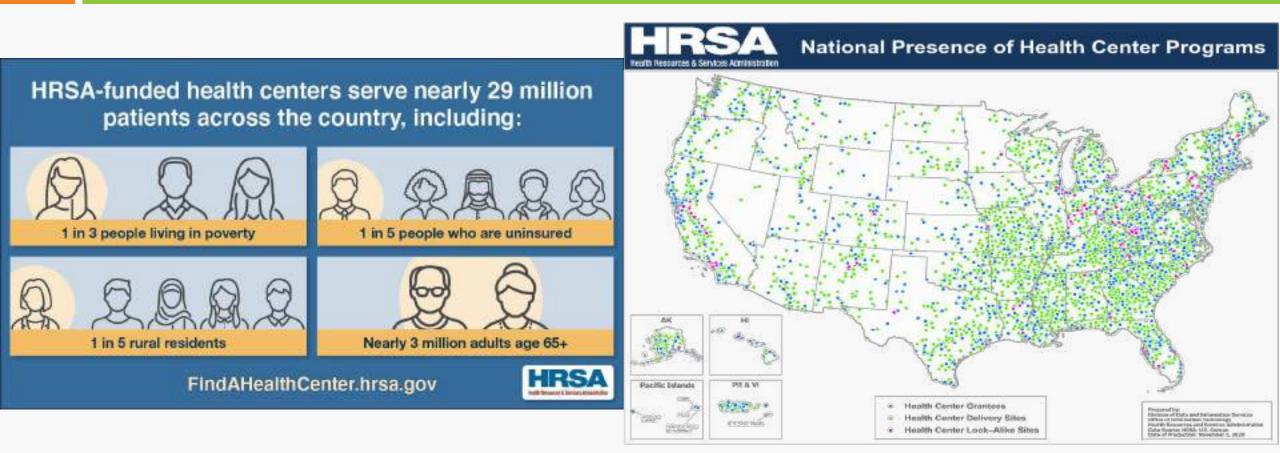
Additional Points About CHCs:

- 11
- Deliver comprehensive primary care, as well as supportive services such as health education, translation, and transportation that promote access to health care.
- Improve the health of underserved and vulnerable populations.
- Some focus on special populations including for those experiencing homelessness, migratory and seasonal agricultural workers, and residents of public housing.





Background: HRSA's Health Center Program



Source: Uniform Data System, 2020



Intersections of Domestic Violence and Primary Healthcare Post-interaction surveys commenced on March 29, 2021. More than 3,400 surveys were administered. For the period June 23 - August 1, 2021, 242 of The Hotline's anonymous users voluntarily participated in the focus survey.



reported that a partner who chooses to abuse has also controlled and/or restricted healthcare access



of those respondents indicated the frequency or intensity of abuse increased during COVID-19 **42**%

agreed their healthcare provider spends time or talks with them without their partner present

What is Intimate Partner Violence (IPV)?

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One person in a relationship is using a **pattern** of methods and tactics to gain and maintain **power and control** over the other person.

- It is often a cycle that gets worse over time not a one time 'incident'
- Abusers use jealousy, mental health, money and other tactics to be controlling and abusive – not just physical violence
- Leaving an abusive relationship is not always the best, safest or most realistic option for survivors



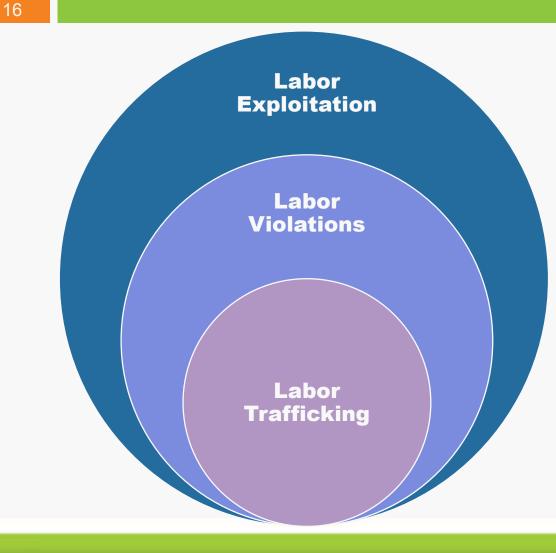
Trafficking Federal Legal / Criminal Definition

Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (TVPA)

- A. Labor Trafficking: The *recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining* of a person for *labor or services*, through the use of *force, fraud, or coercion* for the purpose of subjection to *involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery*.
- **A.** Severe Forms of Sex Trafficking: The *recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining* of a person for
 - 1. A commercial sex act induced by force, fraud, or coercion,
 - 2. Or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age



Labor Exploitation, Labor Violations, Labor Trafficking: A Spectrum of Experiences



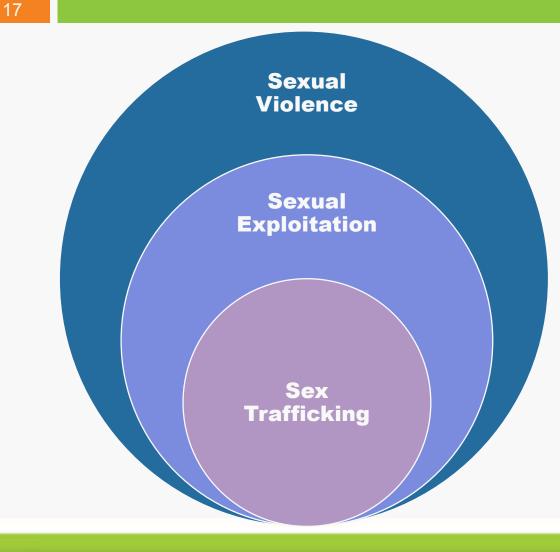
Labor exploitation: an employer unfairly benefits from employee's work. Labor exploitation is not a legal term—in fact, not all forms of labor exploitation are illegal.

Labor violations: a legal term used when employers violate federal, state, or municipal laws related to worker treatment, workplace safety, or recordkeeping requirements.

Adapted with permission from Morgan Baskall and Patricia Medige, Colorado Legal Services. "The Intersection of Labor Exploitation and Human Trafficking", Laboratory to Combat Human Trafficking. January 29, 2020.

<u>www.combathumantrafficking.org/blog/2020/01/29/labor-trafficking/</u> (Accessed December 18, 2021)

Sexual Violence, Sexual Exploitation, Sex Trafficking: A Spectrum of Experiences



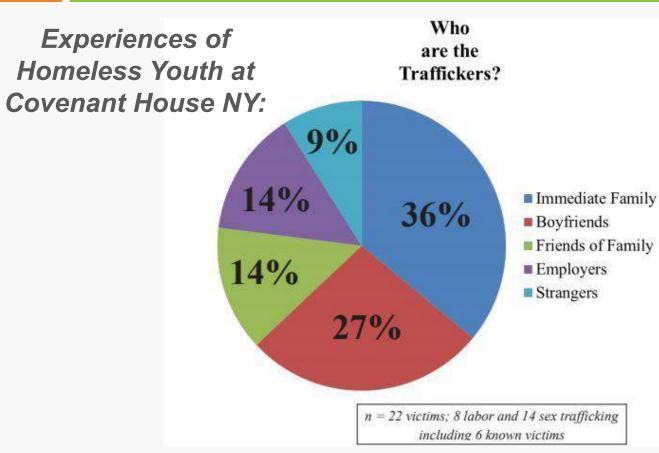
Sexual Violence: includes rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, nonconsensual image sharing, incest, child sexual assault, public masturbation, watching someone engage in private acts without their consent, unwanted sexual contact/touching

Sexual Exploitation: Actual or attempted abuse of a position of vulnerability, power, or trust, for sexual purposes, including, but not limited to, profiting monetarily, socially or politically from the sexual exchanges:

- Coercion from employers/workplace
- Coercive rent/debt exchange
- Trading drugs/children's sex

Similar or Intersectional Dynamics IPV/HT

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Similar Dynamics:

- Physical and sexual violence
- Restrictions on freedom of movement, control
- Isolation
- Financial control
- Intimidation, fear
- Fostering of drug and alcohol dependencies due to their situations

It is not uncommon in federal trafficking prosecutions for the trafficker to be the husband, boyfriend, or romantic partner of the victim. (Human Trafficking Legal Center, 2018)

Health Impact

- Anxiety, Depression, PTSD
- Asthma
- Barriers to healthcare
- Bladder and kidney infections
- Cardiovascular problems
- Gastrointestinal issues
- Chronic pain syndromes
- Sleep Problems
- STIs and HIV
- Suicidality
- Unintended Pregnancies

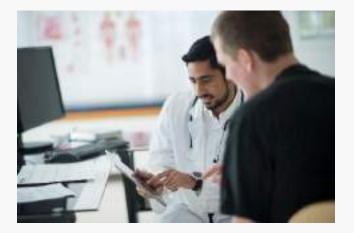
Intimate Partner Violence

- Anxiety, Depression, PTSD
- Back pain
- Barriers to healthcare
- Cardiovascular problems
- Dental pain
- Headaches
- Gastrointestinal issues
- Sleep problems
- STIs and HIV
- Suicidality
- Unintended Pregnancies

Human Trafficking

Universal Education

Provides an opportunity for clients to make the connection between violence, health problems, and risk behaviors.





* If you currently have IPV/HT screening as part of your health center requirements: we strongly recommend first doing universal education.



CUES: An Evidence-based Intervention

Confidentiality Universal Education Empowerment Support



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www.IPVHealthPartners.org online toolkit + CUES

Guidance on:

- Enhancing patient privacy
- Disclosing limits of confidentiality
- Universal education scripts
- Reaching friends and family
- Disclosures + supportive messages
- ✓ Warm referrals to local DV programs
- Safely sharing resources
- Tech privacy tips



www.ipvhealthpartners.org

Developed by and for community health centers in partnership with domestic violence programs

+ New guidance on COVID-19 and telehealth support



Legal Services for Survivors

Types of legal services programs may provide that support survivors of domestic violence and human trafficking:

- Housing: eviction, support on other housing protections that may be available
- Family Law: child custody, separation and divorce, child or spousal support
- Orders of protection

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- Immigration-related legal assistance for survivors of domestic violence
- Public benefits and economic security issues
- Criminal record expungement

What is MLP?





Impiddness patients' social feeds is help the hearth outlet workforce operate at "top of license" Cha

that adva healthy e administ legislativ solutions common

Policy Change

MEDICAL-LEGAL PARTNERSHIP

is an intervention where legal and health care professionals collaborate to help patients resolve SOCIAL, ECONOMIC & ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS

that contribute to HEALTH DISPARITIES

and have a remedy in civil law.



Health Impact of Partnership to Address Legal Needs of Survivors

VILY and JUVENILE
Projected Health Impacts
 Improved continuity of care Obtained health insurance Increased access to healthy built environment Enhanced financial ability to access care and obtain medication Enhanced financial ability to purchase healthy foods Reduced risk of injury Reduced likelihood of uncompensated care Improved ability to prioritize health and health care Improved ability to make health-positive decisions

Source: CHART-IT, or CAPTURING HEALTH - AN ATTORNEY REPORTING TOOL FOR IMPACT TRACKING, A Framework for Systematically Documenting the Impact of Legal Assistance on the Health of Low-Income Individuals and Families (May 2016) Access at: https://www.ruralhealthinfo.org/assets/541-1591/929-chart-it-health-impacts-white-paper.pdf





Panel:

Supporting Survivors Through Legal Services & Healthcare Provider Collaboration Responses



Medical-Legal Partnerships Model

Nikole Nelson

Alaska Legal Services Corporation

nnelson@alsc-law.org







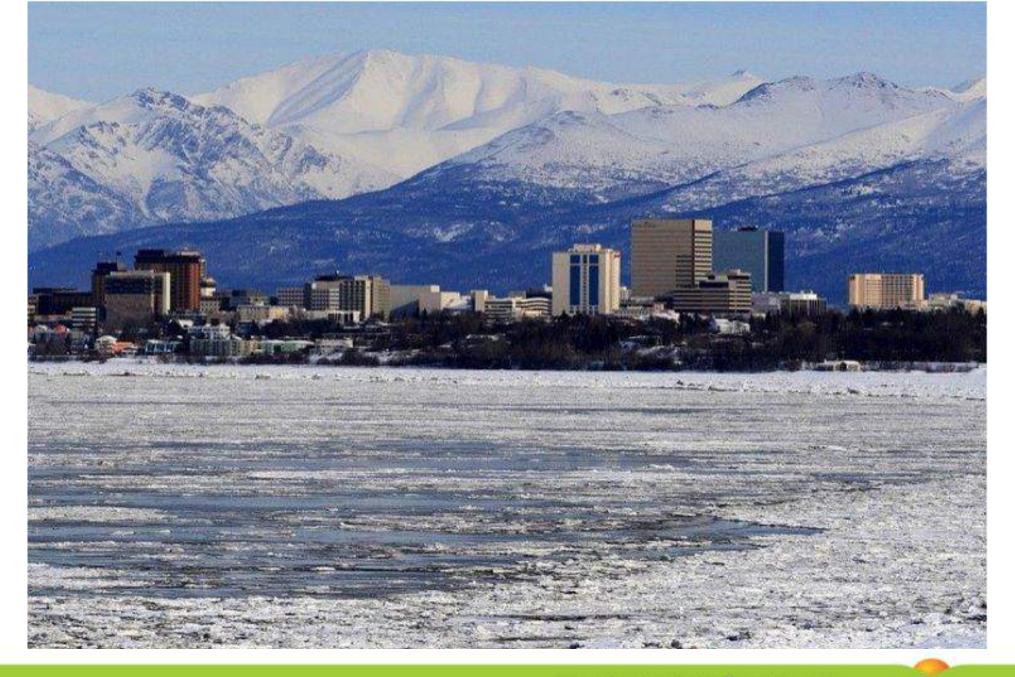






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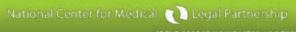






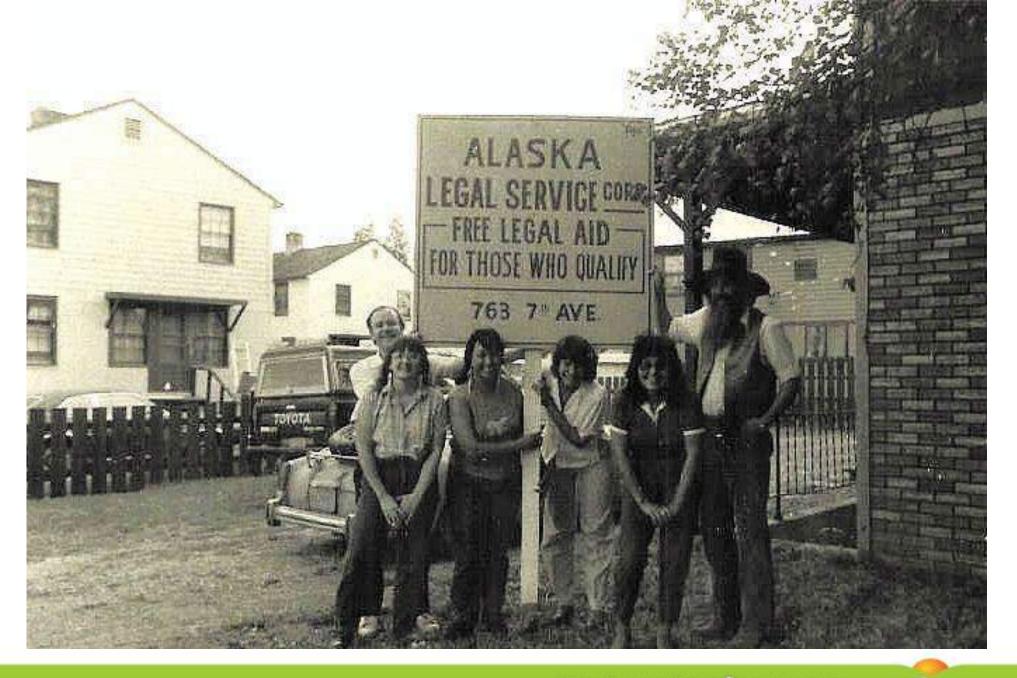








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Every woman you've met today has been raped. All of us. I know they won't believe that in the lower 48, and the State will deny it, but it's true. We all know each other and we live here. We know what's happened. Please tell Congress and President Obama before it's too late.

> Tribal citizen (name withheld) Statement provided during an Indian Law and Order Commission site visit to Galena, AK October 18, 2012





Alaska communities that had no local law enforcement in 2019.

Dozens of convicted criminals have been hired as cops in rural Alaska. Sometimes, they're the only applicants.

In one village, every cop has been convicted of domestic violence within the past decade, including the chief. Only one has received formal law enforcement



Why remote Alaska communities that need cops aren't getting them

A tiny Alaska village got a police officer. He's never had to make an arrest. Meanwhile, larger communities with more crime have often been left behind as the state's two-tiered policing crisis gets worse.



She leapt from a van on the Kenai Peninsula to escape her rapist. Then she waited 18 years for an arrest.

Anna Sattler's rape kit sat untested for almost 20 years as Alaska's backlog got worse. Now, an ex-Iditarod musher faces charges, and she's speaking publicly

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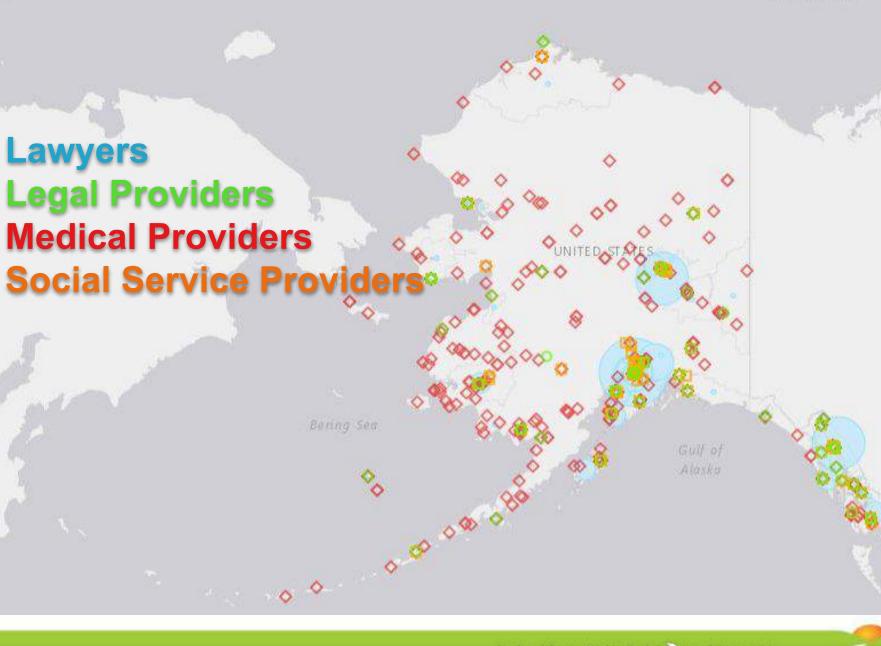
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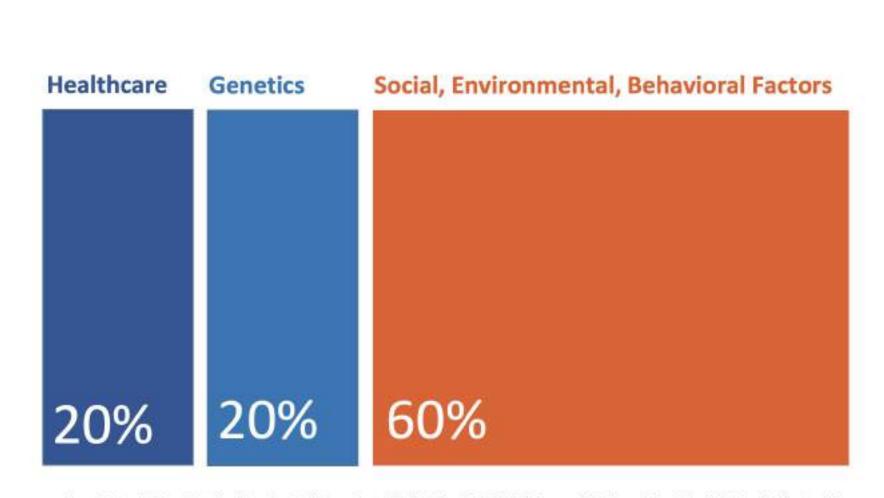
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Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Social Determinants of Health; Tarlov, A.R., Public Policy Frameworks for Improving Population Health. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1999. 896 (SOCIOECONOMIC STATUS AND HEALTH IN INDUSTRIAL NATIONS: SOCIAL, PSYCHOLOGICAL, AND BIOLOGICAL PATHWAYS): p. 281-293.







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Informal MLPs and Supporting Formal MLPs

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(303) 866-9385



About CLS

- Survivor Services Unit
- Denver Units and Local Offices
 - Formal MLPs



Case Example

- •Affluent man pursued woman
- •Campus counseling
- •CLS referral: housing, immigration, informal support

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- •Referral to on-campus services/IPV
- •Outcome

Informal MLPs

- Trainings targeting medical community (partner organization, importance of partnerships)
- Connecting providers to SOAR (Stop, Observe, Ask, Respond) trainings: <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/otip/training/soar-health-and-wellness-training</u>
- Trainings for victim services networks, individual organization staff
- Informal outreach at every opportunity (client in hospital, shelter)
- Advice:
 - Flexibility (legal provider), being responsive even when outside scope of services

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• Where is the trust?

Supporting Formal MLPs

- Overview of CLS formal MLP
 - Previous model
 - Current model
- Support: Training for providers regarding immigration (humanitarian visas, why immigration lawyers request letters; immigration landscape creating barriers)
- Cross-training: Health care providers training on various topics (effects of trauma, special needs of certain populations)
- Flexibility (legal provider): being responsive even when outside scope of services
- Explore Foundation funding

Other Models

- Regional clinic hiring legal staff
- Medical company funding attorney fellowship
- MLP at immigration detention center
- •Trainings: Human services, victim services networks, nurse associations





LAVA Project – Civil Legal Services Model for Elder Abuse

Jessica Brock, JD LLM Indiana Legal Services LAVA Project Director



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The LAVA Project •Legal Assistance for •Victimized •Adults

LAVA Project – Mission

Provision of Civil Legal Services

- Provide quality legal representation to seniors and endangered adults who are victims of criminal behavior, including abuse, neglect, and exploitation
- Ease or eliminate the negative effects of these crimes
- Identifying and obtaining social services for clients, Referrals

Legal Education/Community Outreach

 Provide law-related education and proactive programming designed to empower seniors and endangered adults



LAVA Project – Who is eligible?







Endangered Adult

OR

- 1. Age 18+
- Incapable by reason of: mental illness, developmental/intellectual disability, dementia, other physical or mental incapacity
- 3. Harmed or threatened with harm as a result of abuse, neglect, or exploitation



Other General Requirements Include: • Capacity to retain legal counsel

LAVA Project – Services we offer

- Quality legal representation including:
 - Advice
 - Negotiation
 - Consultation
 - Civil action (Litigation)
- Non-legal Issues LAVA Advocate
 - Identifying and obtaining social services for clients
 - Referrals
 - Collaboration with attorneys
 - Outreach, Developing relationships
- Legal Education for the public and professionals



LAVA Project – Examples of Cases We Take

- •Fiduciary Abuse
- •Trusts/Estate Planning
- Domestic Violence/Stalking
- Unwanted Houseguests
- •Financial Exploitation
- •Consumer Fraud
- •Scams





<u>https://www.abc57.com/news/goshen-woman-locked-in-her-basement-by-own-family-</u> <u>shares-her-story-to-help-others</u>



Partnerships

Founding Partner and Current Partners

Adult Protective Services

Now:

Area Agencies on Aging Councils on Aging Financial Institutions Law Enforcement Neuropsychologists Special Education Professionals Medical Professionals



All roads lead to help

No wrong door in....

just different connections and specialties.





Coming soon....

Legal Risk Detector





ILS

Ways we rely on community partners for help



• Eyes and Ears

- Who is controlling a situation?
- Meeting people alone to determine needs/issues
- Changes in values and appearance and health
- Who is getting mail?
- Signs of isolation

Referrals

Evidence/Testimony

Identifying systemic issues

Contact Information

Jessica Brock jessica.brock@ilsi.net 574-855-5129





- 1. How can medical professionals help combat agism, ableism, and elder abuse?
- 2. How do you sustain an MLP, especially after short-term funding ends?
- 3. How does the addition of a social worker inform your legal practice?



Collaborating to Address the Health and Legal Needs of Patients Experiencing Intimate Partner Violence and Exploitation: A learning Collaborative

Registration is open!

Four small group activities. Four Thursdays: May 5, 12, 19, 26, 2022 at 10am PT / 1pm ET (1 hour)

- **Session 1**: Collaborating to Address the Health and Legal Needs of Patients Experiencing Intimate Partner Violence and Exploitation: Introduction, Tools, and Resources
- **Session 2**: Developing Partnerships Between Legal Services Programs and Health Centers
- Session 3: Scaling and Sustaining Medical Legal Partnerships to Address IPV and Exploitation
- Session 4: Partnering to Address the Health and Legal Needs of Older Adult Survivors of Abuse and Exploitation

Register by April 28, 2022:

https://healthpartnersipve.org/learning-opp/collaborating-to-address-the-health-and-legal-needs-of-patients-experiencin g-intimate-partner-violence-and-exploitation/



THANK YOU!

Please fill out the evaluation survey: https://redcap.link/n99e3ymj



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